



## 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

**Product name** 1020R / 1120S HS PRIMER

**Product code** 1020R

**Intended use of the substance/preparation**

Coating for professional use

**Manufacturer, importer, supplier**

Producer/Supplier DuPont Australia Ltd ACN 000 716 469  
Street/Box 7 Eden Park Drive  
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City Macquarie Park NSW 2113

**Telephone**

Product information (02) 9923 6111  
Transportation emergency (02) 9923 6275  
Medical emergency 1800 674 415

**Manufacturer, importer, supplier**

Producer/Supplier DuPont (New Zealand) Ltd.  
Street/Box 98 Kerrs Road  
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City Wiri, Manukau City  
Auckland, Zealand

**Telephone**

Product information (09) 268 5500  
NZ Poisons Information Center 0800 764 766

**For further information, please also consult our Internet site:**

<http://www.dupont.com>

## 2. Composition/information on ingredients

**Chemical characterization**

Mixture of synthetic resins, pigments, and solvents

**Hazardous components**

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	Classification
1330-20-7	xylene	15.00 - < 20.00 %	R10 Xn ; R20/21 $\geq$ 12.5% Xi ; R38 $\geq$ 20%
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5.00 - < 7.00 %	R10 Xi ; R36
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3.00 - < 5.00 %	F ; R11 Xn ; R20 $\geq$ 25%
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	2.00 - < 3.00 %	R10 R66 R67
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.00 - < 2.00 %	Xn ; R20/21 $\geq$ 25%
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1.00 - < 2.00 %	N ; R50/53
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.25 - < 0.50 %	N ; R50/53

**Additional advice**

To avoid misinterpretation in case of risk assessment it is not allowed to accumulate the above mentioned percentages. See full text of R-phrases in chapter 16.

## 3. Hazards identification

Hazardous Substance. Dangerous Goods.

**Human health hazards**

Classification : - Harmful

Flammable. Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**Special hazard instructions for humans and environment**

Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

## 4. First aid measures

**General advice**

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products**

Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see heading 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

**Fire and Explosion Hazards**

Flammable liquid Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition.

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), dry chemical. water spray

**Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons**

high volume water jet

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

**Additional advice**

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

**Additional information**

Hazchem : 3[Y]

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**



Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. If material is a coating, do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without an appropriate respirator or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### Storage

##### Requirements for storage areas and containers

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

##### Advice on common storage

Store separately from oxidizing agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

## 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

#### Additional technical information on the plant

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### National occupational exposure limits

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Values	Control Parameters	Basis
1330-20-7	xylene	STEL	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			150 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
		TWA	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			80 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STEL	822 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			150 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
		TWA	274 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			50 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			125 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
		TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			100 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			200 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
		TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
			150 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	TWA	20 ppm	NOHSC:1003(2003)
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)			no exposure standard allocated
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)
		TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOHSC:1003(2003)

#### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Hand protection

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min



Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
	nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in chapter 2 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Cleaning solvents or viscosity adjustment thinners require special hand protection, a fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

#### Environmental exposure controls

Do not let product enter drains. For ecological information refer to chapter 12.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### General information (appearance)

Physical state: liquid    Colour: beige    Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor

#### Important health, safety and environmental information

	Value	Method
Flash point	27 °C	
Autoignition temperature	272 – 432 °C	DIN 51794
Boiling point/range	128 – 150 °C	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Upper explosion limit	13.1 %	
Vapour pressure	2.2 hPa	
Relative density	1.54 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Water solubility	moderate	
Viscosity (23 °C)	100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm
Solvent separation test	< 3%	ADR/RID
Content of volatile components	31.0%	Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.01 kPa
pH	Not applicable.	
Conductivity	Not applicable.	

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### General observations



There are no data available on the product itself. See sections 2 and 15 for details.

### Practical experience

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Toxicity Test Type	Value	Time	Species
xylene			
Oral LD50	4300 mg/kg		rat
Dermal LD50	12180 mg/kg		rabbit
Inhalation LC50	5000 ppm	4 h	rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			
Oral LD50	8.5 g/kg		Female Rat
Dermal LD50	> 5 g/kg		rabbit
Inhalation LC50	> 4345 ppm	6 h	Male Rat
ethylbenzene			
Oral LD50	3500 mg/kg		rat
Dermal LD50	17800 mg/kg		rabbit
Inhalation LC50	4000 ppm	4 h	rat
n-butyl acetate			
Oral LD50	9.3 ml/kg		rat
Dermal LD50	10 ml/kg		Guinea Pig
Inhalation LC50	> 6335 ppm	4 h	rat
2-butoxyethyl acetate			
Oral LD50	2400 mg/kg		rat
Dermal LD50	1500 mg/kg		rabbit
zinc oxide			
Oral LD50	> 15000 mg/kg		rat
Inhalation LC50	> 5700 mg/m3		rat

## 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Mobility

No information available.

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with local regulations. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

## 14. Transport information

Transport in accordance with the requirements of the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (Classifications, Packaging and Labeling), ADG for road, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

### ADG (Land transport)

Proper shipping name: Paint  
UN-No: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: III  
Hazchem: 3[Y]

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: Paint  
UN-No: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.



Packing group: III  
Marine Pollutant: N

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: Paint  
UN-No: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: III

## 15. Regulatory information

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Worksafe Australia Hazardous Substance Regulations.

**Symbol and indicating of hazard**

Xn Contains	Harmful xylene 15.00 - < 20.00 %.
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**R-phrase(s)**

R10 R20/21 R52/53	Flammable. Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
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**S-phrase(s)**

S23 S36/37 S38	Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
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**SUSDP Poison Schedule:** No poison schedule number allocated

**New Zealand Poison Schedule:** Schedule 3

## 16. Other information

Full text of R phrases with no. appearing in section 2

R10	Flammable.
R11	Highly flammable.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet:

1. National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets 2nd Edition (NOHSC:2011(2003))
2. Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances (NOHSC:1008(1999))
3. List of Designated Hazardous Substances (NOHSC:10005(1999))
4. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment (NOHSC:1003(1995))
5. Australian Dangerous Goods Code, No. 6 (National Road Transport Commission)
6. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP), No. 18 (NDPSC:May2003)
7. National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Substances ((NOHSC:2012 (1994))

**Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific



material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**Report version**

Version	Changes
1.0	
1.1	2, 8, 11
1.2	2, 8, 11
1.3	8, 15

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